February 8, 1770. NUMB. 2146.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

BOSTON, January 22, 1770.

ON Tueſday laſt, a Notification was delivered out to the Inhabitants of this Town, inviting the Merchants, and all others, who were concerned in, or *connected* with Trade, to meet in Faneuil-Hall the next Day, at Ten o'Clock, among other Things, "to conſider of ſome *Legal* and ſpirited Meaſures to prevent the Non-Importation Agreement being rendered abortive."---

Accordingly, on Wedneſday, at Ten o' Clock, a very numerous Aſſembly met at the Hall, and their firſt Step was, by an unanimous Vote, to appoint WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Eſq; Moderator.

The ſpecial Reaſon of calling this Meeting was then explained by a Committee, which had been formerly appointed by the Merchants to inſpect the Manifeſts of the Cargoes from Great-Britain, and report to them ſuch Goods as ſhould be imported contrary to the Agreement which they had entered into.----This Committee has been commonly called, *The Committee of Inſpection.*

It is here to be obſerved, that there were a few Perſons who had refuſed to come into the Agreement, and had imported as uſual, and upon their Names being reported by the Committee to the Merchants at a former general Meeting, their Attendance was requeſted, and after divers Conferences with the Body of Merchants, they all, except *John Bernard*, *John Mein*, and *M'Maſters* and Co. conſented to have their Goods ſtored under the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, till a general Importation might take Place, in Conſequence of Orders to be ſent after the 1ſt of January, 1770. Now the Committee had to inform the Body of Merchants and Traders, that a Number of thoſe Perſons had violated their Contract; ſome of them by removing their Goods, others by declaring openly their Intention to ſell theirs, and others by actually ſelling.----This was the Occaſion of the Meeting: And as the Town itſelf ſubſiſts by Trade, and conſequently every Inhabitant may be conſidered as connected with it; but more eſpecially as the Rights and Liberties of the preſent and future Generations, ſo much depend upon the Merchants being properly ſupported in their generous ſelf-denying and patriotic Agreement, there was perhaps as large and reſpectable an Aſſembly (tho' in Governor Bernard's Senſe not ſtrictly *legalized*) as ever appeared in the Hall.

It was now deſired, for the Satisfaction of all preſent, that the ſeveral Agreements entered into by theſe Importers might be read, which was accordingly done. As the Subſtance of theſe ſeveral Agreements was the ſame, it is needleſs to take up Room in this Paper to inſert them all: We ſhall, therefore, only recite thoſe of Meſſieurs Thomas and Eliſha Hutchinſon, and of Mr. William Jackſon: But leſt it might be thought particularly pointed and partial to mention their Names *only*, we ſhall alſo here mention the Names of the others, viz. Nathaniel Cary, Benjamin Green and Son, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor, and Nathaniel Rogers: *Some of whom*, for any Thing we know, have, in every other Reſpect, conducted unexceptionably among their Fellow Citizens.

The following is the Report of the Committee of the Merchants, ſent to treat with the Meſſieurs Hutchinſons, which is ſigned by ſaid Committee, and ſhews the Agreement then made, viz.

THE Merchants and Traders convened at the Repreſentatives Chamber, on the 4th of October laſt, being informed by Mr. Nicholas Boyliſton, that Meſſieurs Thomas and Eliſha Hutchinſon were inclined to accede to the Non-Importation Agreement of the Merchants, and had deſired him to acquaint the Merchants there convened, that they were ready to meet any Committee they ſhould appoint to treat with them, and at any Place they might agree upon for that Purpoſe: Upon which, we, the Subſcribers, were appointed a Committee to confer with ſaid Hutchinſons, and to report to the Meeting: We accordingly repaired to the Britiſh Coffee-houſe, where we met the ſaid T. and E. Hutchinſons, who informed us, that they had in Auguſt countermanded the Orders they had given for Goods, to be ſhipped them from Great-Britain, and had no Deſire to do any Thing contrary to the Agreement of the Merchants; that they had ſome Time before propoſed to the Committee, and were now willing to ſtore the Goods they had lately imported, and what they might import contrary to the Agreement: After diſcourſing on the Propoſals they had formerly made of ſtoring their Goods till the 1ſt of January, 1770, we told them, the Trade expected their Goods ſhould be ſtored on the ſame Conditions others were; and that they ſhould remain in the Store, until a general Importation might take Place. To this they replied, that a general Importation might not take Place in ſome Years, and that it could not be expected they ſhould keep them ſtored for two or three Years.---- After ſome Debate on this Point, we informed them, that all the Gentlemen, who had lately acceded to the Agreement, had ſtored their Goods on this Condition; that Mr. Richard Clark had made the ſame Objection, and had propoſed to fix it to a certain Day, which was refuſed, as it was uncertain when the Ships would arrive; and in caſe they did not arrive at the Time fixed, for his Goods to be delivered, he would have an Advantage of the reſt of the Trade, who had withheld their Importations; and in caſe the Trade came into any future Agreement, to poſtpone their Importations for a longer Time, thoſe who had Goods ſtored, would be invited to accede to ſuch Agreement; if any of them declined, their Goods were to remain ſtored, until a general Importation might take Place, in Conſequence of Orders that might be ſent from hence after the firſt of January.----To this Meſſieurs Hutchinſons replied, they did not mean to bind themſelves to any future Agreement the Merchants ſhould come into, but to conform in every Reſpect to the preſent Agreement, and to houſe their Goods under the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, on the ſame Terms as Mr. Clark and others had done; and that the Tea they had lately imported, ſhould be put into a Store of their own at the North End, and the Key delivered to the Committee. We then informed them, Mr. Clark and others had engaged not to purchaſe of any Perſons who ſhould import Goods contrary to the Agreement, to which they made ſome Objections; but finally conſented; They were then urged to ſign the Agreement, but deſired to be excuſed, and declared their Intention was in every Reſpect to conform to the preſent Agreement, without any Reſerve; and to ſtore their Goods on the ſame Terms as others; all which the Chairman, to prevent any Miſunderſtanding, once and again, repeated as the Report the Committee ſhould make to the Trade, viz.

That Meſſieurs Hutchinſons acceded to the Agreement in every Reſpect, and agreed to have their Goods ſtored in a Store of their own, to deliver the Key to the Committee of Inſpection, *until a general Importation ſhould or might take Place*, in Conſequence of Orders ſent after the Firſt of January, to which they conſented, and were reported accordingly.

W. MOLINEUX,
WM. PHILLIPS,
WM. DENNIE,
EDWARD PAYNE,
A. WELLES.

BOSTON, January 16, 1770.

Mr. Jackſon's Agreement was reported as follows.

BOSTON, 3d Auguſt, 1769.

WHEREAS I, the Subſcriber, have not heretofore joined with the Merchants in their Agreement for Non-Importation, and am now ſenſible of the Utility of it; I do now enter into ſaid Agreement: And whereas I expect a Quantity of Goods this Fall, I hereby engage to deliver up the ſaid Goods, as ſoon as they arrive here, into the Hands of the Committee of Merchants, to be by them kept till a general Importation takes Place, or the Merchants at any future Meeting ſhall vote ſaid Goods to be re-delivered. (Copy) WILLIAM JACKSON.

Theſe, and the Agreements come into by the other Importers, being read in the Meeting----the Queſtion was called for, and put, *Whether* they had ſeverally violated the Agreement they had entered into with the Merchants, and paſſed unanimouſly in the *Affirmative*. And thereupon, Committees were appointed to wait upon them ſeverally, and deſire their Attendance; but ſome of them utterly refuſed, others were not then at their Stores, Mr. Rogers, for a Reaſon he gave, choſe to treat with the Aſſembly by written Meſſages on both Sides, and Mr. Jackſon, though he refuſed his Attendance, was willing to ſubmit his Store to the View of the Committee of Inſpection: And the Committee were ordered accordingly, and in the Afternoon reported, that they found moſt of his Goods open, and many Articles ſold; and further ſaid, that Mr. Jackſon was ready to treat with any Committees.

After receiving the Reports of theſe Committees, a Motion was made, that the whole Body *orderly* and *peaceably* wait on *Thomas* and *Eliſha Hutchinſon*, and require of them the Fulfilment of their Contract, made by them with the Body of Merchants: But upon a Declaration made by two Gentlemen, that the ſaid Meſſ. *Hutchinſons* were ready to deliver their Teas, which they had removed, if required, it was unanimouſly voted, that the two Gentlemen, with the Committee of Inſpection, wait on them again, and take their Anſwer in Writing.

While this Committee were out, upon the Queſtion being put, it was unanimouſly voted, that the whole Body, *orderly* and *peaceably*, wait on Mr. William Jackſon immediately; and five Gentlemen were appointed, *who only* were to treat with Mr. Jackſon in his Houſe, if he ſhould pleaſe to admit them; and theſe five Gentlemen were not to report to any Man the Converſation that ſhould paſs, till their Return to the Hall. The whole Body accordingly repaired to Mr. Jackſon's Houſe, and returned to the Hall, where the five Gentlemen reported, That he had refuſed to admit them into his Houſe.

The Committee of Inſpection now reported, that they had waited on Meſſ. Thomas and Eliſha Hutchinſon, and that they had aſſured them, *verbally*, that they would deliver the Teas they had imported into their Hands, to be by them kept till a general Importation might take Place: Upon which the Meeting was adjourned till the next Day at Ten o'Clock. The Committee of Inſpection being firſt enjoined to ſee that the Terms of this Agreement be complied with in the mean Time.

The next Day the Aſſembly met according to the Adjournment, and the Number was larger than before; and the Committee of Inſpection reported, that the Hutchinſons had again departed from the Agreement, and abſolutely refuſed to deliver up the Teas, as they had promiſed Yeſterday.

Hereupon the following Votes were paſſed, viz.

WHEREAS the Merchants of this Town, in the Month of Auguſt, 1768, taking into Conſideration the deplorable Circumſtances into which the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Continent of America are brought, by the Operation of divers Acts of the Britiſh Parliament, made with the expreſs Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America, without their Conſent: And the abſolute Neceſſity of every legal and conſtitutional Exertion to be made by every Order of Men for the Redreſs of Grievances by the Repeal of ſaid Acts, did enter into a ſolemn and voluntary Agreement, each with the other, not to ſend for or import any Goods from Great-Britain, ſuch only excepted as are mentioned in ſaid Agreement, until the Firſt of January, 1770; and on the 17th of October, 1769, the ſaid Merchants did renew and confirm the ſaid Agreement, and further contracted each with the other, not to import any Goods from Great-Britain, excepting as above-mentioned, until the ſaid Revenue-Acts ſhall be repealed.

And afterwards, on the 4th Day of December laſt, being deſirous of acting with the cloſeſt Union of Sentiment with the Merchants of the other Colonies, did conform to their Agreement, and finally determine not to import any ſuch Goods until the Act impoſing a Duty upon Glaſs, Paper, Colours, and Tea, ſhould be totally repealed.

And whereas divers Perſons, notwithſtanding this Agreement of the Merchants in general, did import Goods; but upon Application made to them, did voluntarily agree to ſtore the ſame, and to put them under the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, not to be ſold or diſpoſed of, until a general Importation might take Place, in Conſequence of Orders ſent after the Firſt of January, 1770.

And whereas Thomas Hutchinſon, Eliſha Hutchinſon, Nathaniel Cary, William Jackſon, Benjamin Green and Son, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor, and Nathaniel Rogers, who imported, and agreed as laſt mentioned, have violated ſaid Agreement, ſome by ſelling their Goods, others by removing them, and others by openly declaring that they will ſell them; and all by refuſing to continue them under the Care of the ſaid Committee of Inſpection.

Therefore, *Voted unanimouſly*, That the ſaid Thomas Hutchinſon, Eliſha Hutchinſon, Nathaniel Cary, William Jackſon, Benjamin Green and Son, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor, and Nathaniel Rogers, by this their unjuſtifiable and perfidious Conduct, have forfeited all Confidence, Eſteem, and Favour, from the Merchants and others their Fellow-citizens and Countrymen, having, in the Opinion of this Body, manifeſtly diſcovered a Diſpoſition to do every Thing in their Power to counteract and make void the united Efforts of the whole Continent, while ſtruggling for its Liberties; and meanly ſacrificing the Rights of their Country to their own Avarice and private Intereſt, have acted in Conjunction with Placemen, Penſioners, and other Tools and Dependants, upon a formed and ſettled Plan to entail upon the preſent and future Generations, BONDAGE, MISERY and RUIN.

VOTED, That this Body will forthwith, orderly and decently repair to the Stores or Houſes of the ſaid Thomas Hutchinſon, Eliſha Hutchinſon, Nathaniel Cary, William Jackſon, Benjamin Green and Son, Theophilus Lillie, John Taylor, and Nathaniel Rogers; and that Mr. William Molineux be, and hereby is appointed and deſired, in the Name of the Whole, each of whom ſhall and doth conſider himſelf in the ſame Predicament with the ſaid Mr. Molineux, to demand of them, and each of them, in the Words following.----

SIR,

THE Body of Merchants and Traders of this Town, at their preſent Meeting, have had before them a Report of their Committee, wherein it appears, to the Satisfaction of all, that you have violated your ſolemn and voluntary Agreement: It is therefore the Determination of this Body, no longer to confide in your Honour, but peremptorily to demand of you, and accordingly in their Name, I now peremptorily demand of you, the immediate Delivery of all ſuch Goods as you have heretofore agreed ſhould be ſtored; to be depoſited in the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, and by them kept with equal Safety as their own, until a general Importation may take Place, in Conſequence of Orders tranſmitted ſince the 1ſt of January inſtant, agreeable to the Contract.----

Your deciſive Anſwer is immediately expected.

After which four Gentlemen were appointed to accompany Mr. Molineux, who *only* with him ſhould treat with the Perſons mentioned, in their own Houſes or Places of Abode, if they ſhould think proper to admit them; and that no Report ſhould be made till the Adjournment. Previous to the moving of the Aſſembly, which was judged to conſiſt of upwards of One Thouſand, it was voted to adjourn after the Buſineſs now propoſed ſhould be finiſhed, till the next Day at Ten o'Clock, A. M.

The next Day, being Friday, the Aſſembly met again according to the Adjournment; a greater Number than had before appeared, and proportionably reſpectable, amounting, in the Opinion of the beſt Judges, to more than Twelve Hundred Perſons.

The Committe of Inſpection now reported that Mr. Nathaniel Cary (who had been out of Town before) had declared in Writing, under his Hand, that he was content his Goods ſhould remain unſold, and under the Care of the Committee, until the Agreement of the Merchants ſhall ceaſe, or a general Importation take place, which was accepted by a Vote, and the Committee of Inſpection were directed to provide a Store, and receive the Goods.

Then Mr. Molineux made Report of his Proceedings, agreeable to the Vote paſſed Yeſterday, in Subſtance as follows.

That the Committe had waited on the ſeveral Perſons at their Places of Abode; firſt beginning with Meſſieurs Thomas and Eliſha Hutchinſon, who lived at the Houſe of their Father, his Honour the Lieutenant Governor of the Province. The Particulars of the Converſation, which was chiefly between his Honour and Mr. Molineux, may perhaps be related at another Time: It is not a little ſurprizing to hear that it was obſerved upon this Occaſion, that a Contract, without a Conſideration, was not valid *in Law*, while the *well diſpoſed* Merchants throughout the Continent conſidered themſelves bound to each other in this Inſtance by the Ties of *Honour*.-----Upon the whole, it was reported, that upon Application to the two young Gentlemen, they gave no Satisfaction.

That upon reading the Vote of the Aſſembly to Mr. Lillie, he ſaid he had nothing left but his Life, which he would deliver up if they pleaſed.---That Mr. Taylor ſaid he had ſold all his Goods, except a few Baize.---That Mr. Jackſon's Shop was ſhut; and after knocking at the Door, he looked out of the Window, and ſaid, he ſhould not open the Door that Day.---That Mr. Rogers and Mr. Green were neither of them at Home.---And that Mr. Cary was willing and ready to put his Goods under the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, agreeable to the Report of that Committee, mentioned before.

This Report being ended, the Moderator informed the Aſſembly that he had had an Interview with his Honour the Lieut. Governor, who told him that his Sons were willing to deliver the Teas that remained unſold, and the Amount of what they had ſold in Money, into his (the Moderator's) Hands; and the Moderator declaring that he would be reſponſible for the ſame, it was voted ſatisfactory. And it was alſo voted that the Moderator be deſired, when this Meeting ſhall be adjourned, to take an Account of the Quantity of Tea remaining unſold, and report at the Adjournment.

There were ſeveral other Matters, of ſmaller Moment, tranſacted at the Meeting, and then it was further adjourned till Tueſday (To-morrow) at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon----Before which Time it is hoped the reſt of the Importers will quiet the Minds of the Inhabitants of the Town and Country, by following the Example ſet before them.

We ſhall make no particular Remarks on the foregoing Tranſactions----They are related without any conſcious Deviation from the Truth; nor have we the leaſt Deſign to give Uneaſineſs to any One; but to anſwer what we apprehend to be the moſt valuable Purpoſes. What may *ſeem* to bear hard upon Individuals, is not ſaid by the Publiſher of this Account, but is contained in *Reports of Committees*, and in *the Votes* paſſed by the Body; which could not be omitted, without giving a maimed and partial Account of Matters that greatly engage the Attention of the Public. We ſhould have been glad indeed, if ſuch an Omiſſion could have been, conſiſtent with Tenderneſs, or even Juſtice to the public-ſpirited Body that have been concerned in theſe Tranſactions. We think this Publication may ſerve to convince the World, that the Zeal of this Metropolis for the Rights of America, is not abated: And that the Inhabitants are determined, as far as is in their Power, to ſupport the Merchants in their generous Plan of Non-Importation, as the moſt *pacifick*, as well as the moſt effectual Method at preſent, to recover our Liberties. And we have a further View, to defeat, if poſſible, the Deſigns of our Enemies, who have conſtantly, and we have Reaſon to think, *do ſtill miſrepreſent* every laudable Effort as Treaſon and Rebellion, or at leaſt, as ſome expreſs it, "very near the higheſt Crime againſt the State."

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Monday, the 26th of February, at Two o' Clock in the Afternoon, at the Houſe of Benjamin Armitage, in Briſtol Townſhip, A certain Tenement, and Lot of Ground, ſituate in Briſtol Townſhip aforeſaid, containing about one Acre, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by Lands late of Bernard Rezer deceaſed, and the Old York Road, ſubject to a Groundrent of Twenty Shillings per Annum; late the Eſtate of Conrad Kinſeli deceaſed, ſeized and taken in Execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By Captain PRIESTMAN, *arrived at Norfolk, in Virginia, in nine Weeks from Liverpool, we have the following Advices.*

WARSAW, October 21.

THE Senatus Conſilium, lately held here, conſiſted only of 23 grandees and miniſters. The reſult of the deliberations were to ſend ambaſſadors to England and Holland, being the powers who negotiated the treaty of Carlowitz; and alſo to Ruſſia, in order to the re-eſtabliſhment of peace, by inducing the troops of that Crown to evacuate the kingdom, and to obtain the enlargement of the ſtate priſoners detained in Ruſſia. The King has the nomination of the miniſters to thoſe courts, who are particularly intereſted in the treaty of Oliva. Each ambaſſador or envoy is to be allowed 3000 ducats for his miſſion, and ſums are aſſigned for putting the towns of Lembreg and Kaminieck in a proper ſtate of defence.

The body of Ruſſians which is taking the route to Cracow, to diſlodge from thence the Confederates, who are there in great numbers, conſiſts of about 6000 men, under the command of General Apraxin.

The Turkiſh forces, ſince their retreat from Choczim, have repaſſed the Danube, with many curſes, both againſt the new Grand Vizir and the Sultan, for ſending them out on ſo unſucceſsful an expedition; and ſince that are divided into two bodies, between which ſo great an enmity prevails, that they are making war upon each other. The number of Confederates ſabred by them, on their retreat from Choczim, is ſaid to amount to 600 men.

Oct. 25. The following letter, written by General Koritowſki, and dated at Kaminieck, in Podolia, the 23d ult. is handed about here.

"I returned only to-day from Choczim, where I have ſeen and examined every thing, even the Turks intrenchments. They are ſtill buſy in dragging the Nieſter for the dead bodies. The day before yeſterday the Huſſars, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Gendre, defeated a corps of the enemy, conſiſting of about 2000 men, who were going to forage upon the banks of that river; 500 were killed, and among 400 others taken Priſoners, there are two Colonels, and a Mooriſh Aga, their Chief. The Huſſars alſo took 18 ſtandards, which the priſoners are ſilent about, but I find they are very well pleaſed with the treatment they have met with. The reſt of this party were put to flight, and have retired beyond the Nieſter. The preſent ſituation of Choczim may eaſily be conceived. The houſes are without covering, windows, or doors; an intolerable ſtench prevails, and heaps of ordure turn the ſtomach on every ſide. There are no inhabitants in the place, except the Ruſſians, who compoſe the garriſon, conſiſting of four regiments, under Colonel Weiſſman, Commandant of the fortreſs."

A courier diſpatched on the 10th of this month by General Count Romanzow to Prince Wolkonſki, ambaſſador from the Empreſs of Ruſſia, arrived yeſterday at the hotel of his Excellency, and brought him the following letter from the Commander in Chief.

"I have juſt now received, from General Elmpt, who was in purſuit of the Turks to Moldavia, an account, that as ſoon as he approached Jaſſy, the enemies quickly retired, the Turks towards Bſaczia, and the Tartars towards Kemzany; that the General did not only ſubdue the city of Jaſſy, but likewiſe all Moldavia, and all the inhabitants of that principality willingly took the oaths of fidelity to the Empreſs. A magazine of the enemy's has fallen into our hands. General Elmpt, on his entrance into Jaſſy, found about 100 men, Turks and Confederates, who had the fool hardineſs to reſiſt him, but they were all either cut to pieces, or made priſoners. After the General had regulated every thing concerning the adminiſtration of juſtice in that new country, and properly ſettled all matters relative to the magazines, he left in the place part of the Ruſſian light horſe, under the command of Prince Proſorowſki, in order to preſerve it from the attempts of the enemy, and has detached ſome parties of his light troops to purſue the runaways."

LONDON, *November* 9.

A regiment will be raiſed next ſpring, which is to be called the Prince of Wales's regiment, in honour of his Royal Highneſs.

It is aſſerted that advices of a very intereſting and alarming nature, with reſpect to the colonies, have lately been tranſmitted from North-America.

By accounts from America we learn, that ſome officers of the cuſtoms at Boſton, have been inſulted in the ſtreets by the mob, who treated them with great ſeverity, and obliged them to fly for ſhelter to the head quarters of the commanding officer in that town.

A few days ago the Agnes, Captain Robertſon, lately arrived from Peterſburgh, was ſet on fire, in the harbour of Port Glaſgow, by ſome means not yet certainly known; but by the activity of the ſailors and military, under the direction of the magiſtrates and collector, the flames were prevented from ſpreading, and extinguiſhed, after damaging the hull and rigging, to the extent, it is thought, of 300l. ſterling. The Captain had a parcel of bank notes in a drawer in the cabin where the fire raged moſt, which were luckily preſerved, though the flames had juſt reached them, as they were ſcorched on the corners.

We are well informed that the ſubſidy of 676,000l. due to the King of Pruſſia at the cloſe of the late war, has never yet been paid, notwithſtanding what was ſaid at that time, in public, on a certain occaſion, about "the ſupport and honour of the Crown."

The Ruſſians are now in poſſeſſion of the capital of Moldavia, and when the laſt accounts came away, were laying ſiege to Bender with 20,000 men, which is the laſt fortreſs but one, until they arrive at Conſtantinople.

The damages laid in the cauſe between Lord Halifax and the popular patriot, are 20,000l.

It is ſaid a certain Miniſter has declared, that it is a matter of indifference to him whether there is a new general election or not; that he ſhould not previouſly intereſt himſelf in the ſucceſs of it, as he has found, by experience, that it is much cheaper, and eaſier, to ſeduce after, than to bribe beforehand."

This day, at noon, the Right Hon. William Beckford, Lord Mayor of this city, with Samuel Turner, Eſq; late Lord Mayor, attended by ſix of the Aldermen, and the two ſheriffs, ſet out from Guildhall, in a very grand proceſſion, to the Three Cranes, where they went in the city barge to Weſtminſter, in order to ſwear the new Lord Mayor at the court of Exchequer into his high office. The ſtate coach, magnificently adorned, drawn by a fine ſett of new foreign horſes, preceded by eight footmen in very rich liveries, added much to the dignity and ſplendor of the proceſſion. The cover to the coach box of the ſtate coach is crimſon velvet, curiouſly wrought; on the front, the ſides, and the back part, are emboſſed the city arms, and thoſe of the ironmongers company, the cap of liberty, and various flowers, in gold, with a fringe of gold round the edges. The Recorder was not in the proceſſion. Among the noble perſons who came to town, to honour the city on this occaſion, were Lord and Lady Temple.

Many perſons are under apprehenſions for the greateſt part of the Ruſſian fleet, as if by the late winds they have been blown into the Bay of Biſcay, they may run the greateſt hazard of being aſhore on the French coaſt.

We hear that the Emperor of Germany, and his brother, the Grand Duke of Tuſcany, are ſhortly expected in England, and that they will take up their reſidence at Norfolk Houſe, in St. James's Square, during their continuance in this kingdom.

This day a Council is ſummoned to meet at St. James's, when, among other proceedings, a time is expected to be fixed for the farther prorogation of the Parliament, and their meeting for the diſpatch of buſineſs.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that a general muſter is taking of the whole military belonging to the Crown of France.

Nov. 11. The following is a ſhort account of the proceedings between Mr. Wilkes and the Earl of Halifax, previous to the trial which came on yeſterday.

Wilkes, Eſq; againſt the Earl of Halifax and the three meſſengers, who executed the general warrant; original was ſued out, June 1, and returnable June 19, 1763; and the Earl, being ſummoned, caſt an eſſoin, which was adjourned until November 18. Then comes in privilege, which being at an end, and all the eſſoins expired, a diſtringas was taken out, teſted November 9, 1764, returnable May 27. The ſheriff returns 40s. iſſues. The Earl does not appear. The court directs 50l. iſſues. An alias diſtringas is taken out, teſted May 30, and returnable June 18. The ſheriff returns his iſſues. The Earl does not appear. The court orders 500l. iſſues. A pluries diſtringas is taken out, teſted June 22, and returnable July 8. In November, 1764, Mr. Wilkes was outlawed, and here the affair dropped; but the outlawry being reverſed on the 8th of June, 1768, the court of Common Pleas was moved on the 20th of that month, that Mr. Wilkes might have leave to revive his cauſe, which was accordingly granted ſoon after.

Yeſterday morning, about ten o'clock, came on in the court of Common Pleas, before Lord Chief Juſtice Wilmot, the long expected and remarkable trial, between Lord Halifax and John Wilkes, Eſq; in regard to the ſeizure of the perſon and papers of the latter, by the former. Serjeant Glynn, counſel for the plaintiff, opened the cauſe, and, in a very elegant and ſpirited manner, explained the unconſtitutional nature of the injury. He ſaid, "that of all illegal outrages this was one that required the moſt "redreſs, as on its eſtabliſhment the peace, the liberty, the "freedom of Engliſhmen depended." He obſerved, "that "though the caſe in point may be thought only to relate to Mr. "Wilkes, yet, as a breach of liberty, it reſpected the conſtitu"tion in general, and ſhould be conſidered as ſuch, by every one "who was not dead to the welfare and happineſs of his country." He was anſwered by Serjeant Whitaker in the courſe of the trial, who endeavoured to prove, that what the defendant did was not of that unconſtitutional nature, as he acted merely *officially*. This he authorized by ſeveral precedents, which were moſtly obſolete and anti-revolutional. He then applied to the defendant's behaviour to Mr. Wilkes after his being brought before him, deducing from thence that he did not in the leaſt act from any particular pique or reſentment, but from the nature of his office, which by the force of preſumption authorized and demanded his acting in that manner. Lord Temple attended during the whole trial, and was examined; but though the Secretaries of State came, in compliance to a ſummons ſerved on them for that purpoſe, ſtill their attendance was diſpenſed with, from their urging that they were obliged to attend his Majeſty in Council about one o'clock, after being aſked by Serjeant Glynn, whether they had in their poſſeſſion the original warrant by which Mr. Wilkes was apprehended? Counſel for the plaintiff, Serjeant Glynn, Serjeant Leigh, and Mr. Lee; for the defendant, Serjeant Whitaker, Serjeant Davy, Serjeant Nares, and Mr. Wallis.

The following is a correct liſt of the names of the jury who ſerved on the above trial, and who, after the moſt excellent charge, given by the juſt and impartial Lord Chief Juſtice, to give "liberal, but not exceſſive" damages, and who, after the Treaſury minute book was produced, from whence the extract underneath is copied, found a verdict for the plaintiff, with 4000 l. damages; indeed ſo little to the ſatisfaction of the multitude preſent, that the jury were obliged to make their retreat the back way, to eſcape the reſentment and indignation of the populace, with ſcarce time to take their fees, and without being invited to the accuſtomed refreſhment or dinner.

George Colſon, Smith, Eſq; of Poplar; Edward Buckley Batſon, Eſq; of Hatton Garden. David Walker, Eſq; of Kenſington. Edward Buckley, Eſq; of Eſſex-ſtreet. Nicholas Marriſall, Eſq; of Eaſt-ſtreet. Robert Cary Eſq; of Hampſtead. Robert Hucks, Eſq; of Great Ruſſel-ſtreet. Joſiah Holford, Eſq; of Southampton Row. John Gould, Eſq; of Hart-ſtreet. Samuel Hartley, Eſq; of Lincoln's Inn Fields. Heneage Robinſon, Eſq; of Church-ſtreet, Hackney.

The following was added as tales, according to the ſtatute, &c.

Robert Gibſon, of Red Lion-ſtreet, Clerkenwell, coal merchant.

It was obſerved that out of the 48 freeholders firſt ſtruck on this jury, 17 of them were voters for Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, and that though two Baronets were ſummoned to ſerve on the ſaid jury, neither of them appeared to try this great public, as well as private cauſe; which, with other defaulters, occaſioned the taleſman de circumſtandibus to be empannelled and ſworn.

Copy from the treaſury minute book, produced on the ſaid trial.

Whitehall, Treaſury Chamber, May 31, 1765.

Preſent, Mr. Grenville, Lord North, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Harris.

"Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer ſignifies to my Lords his Majeſty's Pleaſure, that all expences of actions brought againſt the Earl of Halifax, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Under Secretaries and Meſſengers, and the Solicitor of this office, for proceedings had by them in executing the buſineſs of their reſpective offices againſt the publiſhers of ſeveral ſcandalous and ſeditious libels, ſhould be defrayed by the Crown; and that a ſufficient ſum of money ſhould be, from time to time, iſſued to the Solicitor of the Treaſury for that purpoſe.

"Read a paper received from Mr. Webb, ſtating what the expences are likely to be, and that a farther ſum of 3000l. may probably be wanted for diſcharging the ſame.

"Iſſue to Mr. Webb, from time to time, as the ſaid ſervices may require, a ſum not exceeding 3000l. directing him to apply the ſame according to his Majeſty's commands, to diſcharge the ſeveral expences above mentioned."

It is worthy of notice, that for the farther ſecurity of the ſaid Earl, he obtained, previous to his going out of office in 1765, a Privy Seal, that is, a warrant, ſealed by the Lord Privy Seal (who at that time was the Duke of Marlborough) for an indemnification of whatever damages Mr. Wilkes might recover of his Lordſhip, in the action that was then commenced.

On the examination of Mr. Blackmore (one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers) on behalf of Mr. Wilkes, in regard to the ſeizure of his papers, he honeſtly confeſſed that, upon Mr. Wilkes's refuſing him the key of his bureau, he, agreeable to his orders, picked the lock, and ſwept away every paper he found.

One of the Ruſſian men of war has received ſo much damage, and was ſo terribly ſhattered in the Bay of Biſcay, from the late blowing weather, that ſhe is returned to Portſmouth to be refitted.

Vice Admiral Elphinſton, with five Ruſſian men of war, is at preſent in the Baltic, and only waits for a fair wind. The ſquadron under his command is not to go north about, as was conjectured, but will touch at Spithead, in their way to the bay of Gibraltar.

Advices from every part of the continent, confirm the report of an inſurrection of the people having happened at Conſtantinople, who flock in great crowds to the Seraglio, demanding the names of thoſe who firſt adviſed and promoted the war. The Janiſſaries are at preſent neuter, but how long they will continue ſo is uncertain; on which ſide ſoever they may declare, the conſequences muſt be dreadful.

This morning the lottery wheels were carried under a guard from Whitehall to Guildhall, as the lottery is to begin drawing next Monday.

It was reported yeſterday, that letters were received from Paris, giving an account that the French Ambaſſador is taken into cuſtody in that city, and cloſely confined.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Earl of Harcourt ſet out again, on his embaſſy to the court of France.

It is ſaid that the Earl of Morton will be choſen one of the ſixteen Peers to repreſent Scotland, in the room of the late Earl of Eglington; others ſay, that the Earl of Buchan will have that honour.

By the laſt advices from Bagdad it appears, that upwards of 4000 houſes have been thrown down there, during the late earthquake, and that not a building is left in the town which is not greatly ſhattered. The number of perſons killed is not yet known.

We learn, that Kerim Kan is now on his march towards Bagdad, at the head of the moſt formidable army ever raiſed in the Perſian dominions.

Nov. 14. *This day both Houſes of Parliament met at Weſtminſter, purſuant to their laſt prorogation, and were farther prorogued to Tueſday, the 9th of January, then to meet for the diſpatch of buſineſs.*

We learn, that diſpatches are preparing for the court of Madrid, ſuppoſed reſpecting the five officers detained there from Commodore Spry's ſhip.

A ſhort time ſince ſome perſons (Tories) were put into the commiſſion of the peace for Leiceſterſhire, without the approbation, or even knowledge, of his Grace the Duke of Rutland, Lord Lieutenant of the county, who reſented this ill treatment, by an immediate requeſt to reſign. The Miniſtry offered to make humiliation; but his Grace, with a becoming ſpirit, declared, that the affront being public, the reparation muſt be ſo likewiſe. In the mean time the commiſſion goes on, and the Duke perſiſts in his reſignation. It is believed that his noble ſon, the Marquis of Granby, will follow the laudable example of his Grace, and diſdain to ſupport a deſpotic Adminiſtration, who could thus inſult his venerable father, and againſt whoſe malice niither rank, age, or a long ſeries of ſervices, and a faithful attachment to the preſent family on the throne, can plead any exemption.

It is ſaid that if the Marquis of Granby reſigns, Gen. Conway will ſucceed him in the Ordnance Office, and the Earl of Albemarle in the army.

Many overtures have been made to a noble Duke for a reconciliation, but hitherto they have proved ineffectual.

A certain great Prince hath more than once declared, that he ſhould not conſider himſelf worthy of the name of a Prince, if he ever forgave Mr. Wilkes.

We are informed by a gentleman who is very curious, as well as accurate in his obſervations, that within two years the patriotic priſoner has received in preſents to the value of 6700l. abſtracted from eatables and drinkables, which may be moderately computed at 300 l. more, which makes in all the ſum of 7000 l. This, together with the 1200 l. per annum, allowed him by the ſupporters of the bill of rights, affixes his annual income at 4100 l.

An expreſs is ſaid juſt to have been received from Jamaica, concerning the uncommon warlike preparations of the French and Spaniards in the Weſt-Indies.

Orders are ſent to Cork and Dublin for 2000 tons of Iriſh proviſions, to be ſhipped for the uſe of his Majeſty's garriſons in the Weſt-Indies.

We are aſſured that the Premier has been ſeverely reprimanded, by a great perſonage, for many inſolent expreſſions made uſe of reſpecting the petitioning freeholders.

From the beſt authority we learn, that private negotiations are already making by the unpopular party to be re-elected, if a certain aſſembly ſhould be diſſolved.

A letter from Jerſey mentions the arrival of the troops which had embarked at Portſmouth, and that the tranquility of the iſland was re-eſtabliſhed.

It is currently reported, that a fleet of obſervation will ſoon be appointed to cruize in the Gulph of Mexico.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 25.

By Captain Prieſtman, we learn that there has been very ſevere weather on the coaſt, and contrary winds, otherwiſe he might have been in three weeks ago. He ſays he counted upwards of 20 veſſels off our capes, ſtanding in, ſo that we may expect many arrivals ſoon.

The brigantine Paragon, John Featherſtone maſter, from Barbados, bound to Philadelphia, is put into Norfolk, in diſtreſs. She has been on the coaſt 4 weeks, and moſt of the Hands are froſt-bitten.

We have not had ſuch a ſevere winter for ſome years. Many of the veſſels in James river have had their cables cut, and been otherwiſe damaged, by the large quantities of ice that drove down from the falls. It is very difficult, and ſometimes impracticable, to croſs the ferries, the rivers being ſo much froze, which has put a ſtop to our communication with the Northward theſe ſeveral weeks, and the roads are ſo bad there is hardly any ſuch thing as travelling.

HARTFORD, January 1.

At a Town Meeting held in Weathersfield December 25th, 1769, by Adjournment.

VOTED, That it is, and ever has been, the Opinion of this Town, that the late Acts of Parliament, commonly called the American Revenue Acts, impoſing certain Duties on Paper, Glaſs, &c. are in themſelves unconſtitutional, oppreſſive, and tending to the total Subverſion of the Liberties of his Majeſty's Subjects in America, that the Oppoſition made thereto, throughout the Continent, has been noble, juſt, firm, and deſerving the higheſt Applauſe through every age.

That in particular the Reſolutions againſt importing Goods or Merchandize from Great Britain, until ſaid Acts are repealed, ſo generouſly and unanimouſly come into by the Merchants in America, and ſo univerſally approved of by the People, is worthy of the higheſt Commendations, as being the moſt effectual Method for obtaining Relief---Do reſolve to abide by the ſame, and as far as poſſible, prevent the leaſt Breach thereof by any of the Inhabitants of this Town or others, nor will we purchaſe, or uſe and conſume any Goods imported contrary to ſaid Agreement, ſo univerſally come into.

And for the more effectual preventing any counteracting ſaid Reſolution, we do appoint Meſſieurs Silas Deane, Ezekiel Williams, Eliſha Williams, David Webb, and Elias Williams, a Committee, directing them, with the utmoſt Vigilance and Care, to guard againſt, and prevent any Attempt to put in Execution, ſo fatal and infamous a Purpoſe as that of ſacrificing the Good of this Continent, and their Poſterity, to private Gain and Emolument; deſiring them to correſpond and conſult with, as well as aid and aſſiſt the other Committees appointed in the neighbouring Towns, and elſewhere, for this Purpoſe.

NEW-YORK, February 5.

City of New-York, ſſ. AT a COMMON COUNCIL, *held at the City-Hall of the ſaid City, on Friday, the ſecond Day of February, Anno Domini* 1770.

PRESENT. *Whitehead Hicks, Eſq; Mayor; Thomas Jones, Eſq; Recorder; Francis Filkin, George Brewerton, Benjamin Blagge, Elias Deſbroſſes, Andrew Gautier, Abraham Po Lott, and John Dyckman, Eſquires, Aldermen. Jacob Brewerton, Matthew Buyce, John Abeel, Benjamin Huggit, Hubert Van Waganan, Peter T. Curtenius, and James Van Varick, Aſſiſtants.*

Mr. Mayor communicated to this Board, that he lately received a Letter, directed to him, in the Words following.

To the Worſhipful Whitehead Hicks, Eſq; Mayor of the City of New-York.

SIR,

"*A very great Number of the Inhabitants are determined to erect another* LIBERTY POLE, *as a Memorial of the Repeal of the Stamp Act: They conſider no Place ſo proper for it, as that on which the other Pole ſtood; but if, contrary to all Expectation, the Corporation ſhould not be diſpoſed to give Leave to have it raiſed there, we humbly conceive that they cannot have any Objection to its being fixed oppoſite Mr. Vandenbergh's, near St. Paul's Church, a ſmall Diſtance from where the two Roads meet, which we have Reaſon to ſuppoſe will, next to the other Place, be moſt acceptable.*

"*If the Board ſhould not think proper to grant Liberty for its Erection on neither of the above Places, as in that Caſe no Monument of Freedom will appear in the Fields (the moſt public Place) the People are reſolved to procure it a Place in the Fields, on private Ground. And as the Pole will be finiſhed in a few Days, we are appointed a Committee to wait on you, to requeſt, that you would be pleaſed to quicken an Anſwer from the Corporation on this Subject. We are,*

Worſhipful Sir, your very humble Servants,

Jacobus Van Zandt, Joſeph Drake,
New-York, Iſaac Sears, Alexander M'Dougall.
Jan. 30, 1770. Joſeph Bull,

Which Letter being read, a Debate thereupon aroſe, Whether the Requeſt therein made ſhould be granted; and the Queſtion being put thereon, it was carried in the Negative, in Manner following.

For the Negative. *Mr. Recorder, Alderman Filkin, Ald. Deſbroſſes, Ald. Gautier, Ald. Dyckman, Mr. Buyce, Mr. Jacob Brewerton, Mr. Huggit, Mr. Van Waganan.*

For the Affirmative. *Alderman Brewerton, Ald. Blagge, Ald. Lott, Mr. Abeel, Mr. Curtenius, Mr. Van Varick.*

Ordered therefore, *That the above Application be rejected; and the ſame is hereby accordingly rejected.*

Mr. Van Varick moved this Board, that the Doors of the Common Council Chamber, for the future, might be left open during the Sitting of the Common Council: And a Debate thereupon aroſe, Whether the ſaid Motion ſhould be granted; and the Queſtion being put thereon by Mr. Mayor, it was carried in the Affirmative, in Manner following.

For the Affirmative, *Mr. Recorder, Ald. Filkin, Ald. Brewer,*

Ald. Blagge, Ald. Lutz, Mr. Jacob Brewerton, Mr. Abeel, Mr. Huggit, Mr. Van Waganan, Mr. Curtenius, Mr. Van Varick.

For the Negative, *Ald. Desbrosses, Ald. Gautier, Ald. Dyckman, Mr. Boyce.*

Ordered therefore, *That the Doors of the said Council Chamber, for the future, be left open, during the Sitting of the Common Council.*

The foregoing are true Copies.

Signed by Order of the Common Council,

AUGUSTUS VAN CORTLANDT, *Clerk.*

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Be pleased to insert the following Piece, in your next Gazette, and oblige a great Number of your Readers, particularly

Yours, &c. A FOX HUNTER.

CONSCIOUS of my Inability to attack such a *noble spirited* Piece, as appeared in the Gazette of the 25th ult. signed *A Jersey Farmer*, I presume the Readers will excuse my being actuated by a Spirit of Liberty, to make a faint Attempt in Vindication of my Brethren the Fox Hunters; and in the first Place, will propose to the Farmer, a Quere, which (if he is not too busy cutting his Fire-wood) I leave to his candid Determination.----I would beg Leave to ask, if the Fox-Hunters are meant to "*Gallop on the High-way to Destruction?*" If so, the Farmer may be assured, we don't always take *one Course*; for the Fox often *doubles*, and we return to our former State; thus, no transient *Farmer* can judge whether a Fox Hunter goes backward or forward in that great Journey.---Do we "haughty Gentry," in any respect, think it "beneath us" to ask the Liberty of a Farmer, to hunt on his Lands? Has our Conduct ever shewn us in such a Light?--No---but our Accuser takes that for granted, and publishes it, without requiring another Reason.---We sometimes go through his Land, it is true, when we are in *full Chase*, or in too great a Hurry to ask at that Time, but are willing and desirous to make him ample Satisfaction for the Damage we do him---otherwise, we think we do him Service (by destroying those Enemies to his Poultry) adequate, if not superior, to the Damage he receives.

It is therefore desired, that a *single* "Farmer" will never pretend to publish the Conduct of Fox Hunters erroneously;---we are a numerous Body, and shall get so "Rampant," that none of his Fields will contain us. We can, however, assure him, that a great Number of *Jersey Farmers* have invited us to hunt in their Neighbourhood, and that the Generality of them are free hearted People, who love the Sound of the Horn, and respect our whole Society.

To the PUBLIC.

WITHIN two Years last past, several Persons have raised Silk Worms, within this and the neighbouring Provinces, and from their Success, we have great Hopes that it may be made a staple Commodity with us, for the Climate has agreed remarkably well with the Worm hitherto; our Summers are long enough to afford two Crops; the native Mulberry, of this Country, is as good as any other to feed the Worm; the Silk which has been raised here, is of the best Quality; the Management of the Worm no ways difficult, and a Woman can earn more at raising Silk, than any other Business in the same Time. But unless we have Mulberry Trees for to feed the Worms, the Culture of Silk cannot be carried on to any great Extent; and as many People might be willing to promote it by encreasing the Quantity of Mulberry Trees, provided they thought of it in a suitable Season; *therefore this is to advertise all such, that the most favourable Time to propagate them is now approaching*; and it is to be hoped, that every public spirited Person will use their Endeavours for that Purpose; the Expence of which will be small, the Trouble and Risque but little, and the Advantages many, although they should not be used for the Purpose of raising Silk; for the Mulberry is very good to feed and fatten Poultry, and the Wood, for many Uses, is equal to any that grows, especially for Ship-building, and it is said to be as durable as red Cedar, in Posts, &c. when full grown. The Wood bears a good Price in Philadelphia, and has this Advantage, that the Tree may be cut down and sold, yet the remaining Stump will afford Shoots, that will bear nearly as many Leaves as the Tree, to feed the Worm. The best and speediest Method of propagating the Mulberry Tree, is to cut a Sucker, or any young luxuriant Shoot, and set about one Third of its Length into a rich and moist Soil, a little slanting; the next Year after it will have a Root, and may, if necessary, be transplanted into waste Ground of a poorer Soil.---Some Persons are of the Opinion, that by planting them in the Form of a Hedge Row, and kept dwarfish, they will afford more Leaves, that may be easier gathered, than from a single well-grown Tree; Experience will decide this Point the best. R. S. T.

N. B. I have understood that our General Assembly have, on Application from the American Society, taken the Culture of Silk under their Consideration, and that it is proposed to encourage, by Premiums, the raising of Mulberry Trees and Silk Worms; and further, that some Gentlemen have sent to Georgia for Silk Worms Eggs, to distribute amongst the People: I do just beg Leave to hint to those public spirited Gentlemen, that to encourage the Propagation of the Mulberry Tree, they should distribute the Eggs to such Persons only, who shall transplant or set a Number of the Mulberry Trees, or Shoots, the ensuing Spring.

A TEXT.

AS the Friend to Improvement seems backward in answering the Schuylkillian; to satisfy his Impatience, he may find one (with the Reason of Delay) in Proverbs xxvi. 4.---*Answer not a Fool according to his Folly, lest thou also be like unto him.* SOLOMON.

PHILADELPHIA, February 8.

By a Gentleman from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina, we learn, that Sir William Draper, and his Family, was arrived there from England, but whether as Governor, or to take the Tour of North-America, was not known.

By a Gentleman from Queen Ann's County, Maryland, we learn, that about 12 Days ago, a Man living on Queen Ann's Forest, having been at a Fulling-Mill, at some Distance, for a Piece of Cloth, on his Return Home, was accompanied by a Man, who enquired the Way to a particular Place he was to pass; after travelling some Time together, the Villian watching an Opportunity in the Dusk of the Evening, knocked him off his Horse with a large Club, when the Man begged of him to spare his Life; but the hardened Wretch repeated his Blows so often, that he left him for dead, first robbing him of his Watch, and what Money he had about him. Some Time afterwards a Man travelling by, and hearing the Groans of a Person in Distress, went to him, got him on his Horse, and carried him to the next House; when he so far came to his Senses as to describe the Man, who was immediately pursued, taken, brought before him, and charged with the Robbery, particularly of a Pocket Piece he had taken. The Person is confined in Queen Ann's County Goal, and proves to be a convict Runaway Servant, but the Man died a Day or two afterwards of the Wounds and Bruises he had received.

Saturday Night last a Store in Water-street was robbed of some Copper Money, accidentally left there, and a few Bottles of Wine. It is thought the Perpetrator must have concealed himself in the Store before it was shut up, as no Marks of Violence were to be seen, and in the Morning the Door was found unbolted in the Inside. *This should caution People to keep their Front Doors shut in the Evening.*

The Brig James, Captain Johnson, mentioned in our last to be ashore on Cape-Henlopen, is since got off.

The Captains Williams, and Shroudy, are arrived at the Capes from Lisbon.

The Advices from Europe, Yesterday, by the Virginia Post, oblige us to leave out some American Intelligence, and several Advertisements, this Week.

ARRIVALS.

At Antigua. Captains Elliot, Campbell, Lamont, Ford, M'Keral, Ferguson, Herbert, Edgar, Coale, Degge, and Stuart, from Virginia; Havit, from Maryland; Healy, and Scovell, from New York; Low, from Rhode-Island; Fanning, from New London; and Captain Junkins, from Falmouth.

From Philadelphia. Captains Rogers, Belford, and Chevalier, at Lisbon; Waide, Kitchen, Remington, Lake, and Gill, at Jamaica; Hutchins, at Barbados; and the Captains Blewer, and Ashmead, at Charles-Town, South-Carolina.

*** *The Piece signed A Lover of* Improvement, *and a* Pennsylvanian, *is come to Hand, and will be inserted in our next.*

*** The Members of the *American Philosophical Society*, are requested to meet at the College, on Monday, the 12th Instant, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, on Business of Importance.

No ENTRIES this Week.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

(NEVER ACTED IN AMERICA)

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, To-morrow, being Friday, the 9th of February, will be presented, a COMEDY, written by Sir RICHARD STEEL, called *The*

FUNERAL;

Or,

GRIEF A-LA-MODE.

To which will be added, not acted this SEASON,

DAMON & PHILLIDA.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Friday, the 23d day of February inst. at one o'clock, at the Widow Cummings's Tavern, in West Nottingham township, Chester county, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, containing about 40 acres, be the same more or less, situate in the township and county aforesaid; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, &c. late the estate of Martha M'Kee; seized and taken in execution by John Morton, late Sheriff, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 24th of this instant February, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 300 acres, situate in West Fallowfield township, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of James Smith, Dorrington Boyle, David Waters, and John Gibson; late the estate of John Dunn; seized in execution, by John Morton, late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

Summerseat, Bucks County, near Trenton Ferry, Feb. 6, 1770.

ON Sunday, the Fourth Instant, ran away from the Subscriber, an indented Servant Man, named JOHN BLACKBURN; he was born in England, is about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, and about 32 Years of Age; his Hair, Beard and Eyes, are black, is a Carpenter and Joiner by Trade; he wore a brown cut Wig over his Hair, which is too short to wear alone, a small rimmed Felt Hat, with a Binding round it. He had on, and took with him, two white Shirts, a Cinnamon coloured new Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, half worn Buckskin Breeches, grey Yarn Stockings, and old Shoes, with Steel Buckles. Whoever apprehends said Servant, and secures him, so that his Master may have him again, shall be paid a Reward of FIVE POUNDS, and reasonable Charges, by

¶ ADAM HOOPS.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY, strong, healthy Negroe Man, about Twenty-three Years of Age; he has had the Small-pox. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

NOTICE is hereby given to each and every of the Owners and Possessors of Holland's Creek Marsh, opposite to the Borough of Wilmington, in New-Castle County, on Delaware, to attend their yearly Meeting, at the House of William Marshall, Innholder in said Borough, at Two o' Clock, on Monday, the 26th Instant, to chuse Managers, and a Treasurer, for the Year ensuing, pursuant to an Act of Assembly, lately made, for keeping in Repair the Banks, Dams and Sluices, of said Marsh. And such Owners and Possessors of any Part of said Marsh, who are in Arrears for Taxes heretofore due thereon, are desired forthwith to discharge the same, together with such Fines as have arisen by such Delinqueney, or otherwise they may depend on having the said Act strictly enforced; and consequently, that such their Parts will, in a short Time, be advertised, and exposed to public Sale, to defray the same. ¶

JOHN M'KINLY, WILLIAM MARSHALL, Managers.

TO be SOLD, by public Vendue, on Saturday, the third of March next, on the Premises, a certain Tract of Land, situate in West Bradford Township, Chester County, bounded by Lands of George Martin, William Cooper, and William Clayton, containing about 40 Acres, 30 of which are cleared, the Remainder well timbered, with suitable Buildings and Orchards on the same; there is also a never failing Spring of good Water, very convenient to the House. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber, living on the Premises.

† SARAH ARNOLD.

RUN away on the 20th of June, 1769, from the Subscriber, living in Paxton township, Lancaster county, a Negroe wench, about 18 years of age, about 5 feet high, talks good English; had about her neck, when she went away, an iron collar; said wench was formerly the property of Mr. Samuel Kennedy, near the Cross-roads. Whoever secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ SAMUEL MARTIN.

TO BE SOLD,

EITHER the one half, or the whole, of a valuable plantation, situate and being in the township of Northampton, in the county of Burlington, in the Forks of Rancocus Creek, about 3 miles from Mount-Holly, and 16 from Philadelphia, containing 500 acres of land, near 130 of which is good meadow and marsh on the tide, about 90 acres whereof is within an excellent good bank, well sanded, and a considerable part into good timothy and green grass, 100 acres of the upland cleared, and within good fence, 15 acres of which are planted with a good young orchard, chiefly grafted fruit, with a large and convenient dwelling house thereon, well finished, and pleasantly situated, commanding a very fine and extensive prospect, a very good cheese and milch-house, with a pump, spouts and copper therein, a commodious barn, 30 by 40 feet, a waggon and chair-house, a large granary and hay-house, with stables round it, and other out-houses, all in good repair. Any person inclining to purchase, may enquire of John Bispham, or John Harkinson, in Mount Holly, or the subscriber, at the New Ferry-House, Philadelphia.

¶ 5 Tbe. THOMAS BISPHAM.

JOHN GARWOOD, ROPE-MAKER,

In Front-street, opposite the Swedes Church, Southwark,

PROPOSES to work for any merchant, or others, that will employ him in the business, by the hundred; those who shall be pleased to favour him with their custom, may depend on having their work done well, and with dispatch; as he intends to pay the utmost regard to his employers. ¶

WHEREAS HUGH M'GINLY, of the parish of Lesford, in the County of Donegall, in Ireland, is lately come into this country, in consequence of letters he received from his brother Neal M'Ginly; but has not been able to find his said brother since his arrival; these are therefore to desire the said Neal M'Ginly to send a few lines to his brother, living at Mr. James Montgomery's, near the Brick Meeting-house, in East-Nottingham, Chester county. Or if any person knows where the said Neal M'Ginly lives, by sending information as above, the favour will be thankfully acknowledged by HUGH M'GINLY. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the Widow GREER, in Blockley, near the Falls of Schuylkill, the 19th of January last, a grey MARE, about 14 hands high, a bushy tail, neither brand nor ear-mark. The owner coming, and proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again. ¶

WILLIAM EVITT, PRINTER;

(Having, at a very *great expence*, just purchased ALL that large and valuable assortment of Printing-Types, together with all the other necessary utensils fit for carrying on the printing business, in its various branches, late the property of Andrew Steuart, deceased) has just opened his PRINTING-OFFICE,

AT the Bible-in-Heart, in Strawberry-Alley, † a few doors from Market-street, in the house formerly occupied by James Hunter, shopkeeper, opposite the Bull's-Head; where he intends to carry on the Printing Business, in all its branches.----As he is a young beginner, he hopes to meet with encouragement from the generosity of the public, and will take it very kind of any who please to favour him with their custom. The public may depend upon having their work done with great *care* and *dispatch*, and on very *reasonable terms*.---Great care will be taken of blanks and hand-bills in *particular*---Advertisements, &c. of a moderate size, *shall* be done at *two hours* notice, and larger ones in proportion.---Officers of custom-houses, and other public offices, sheriffs, justices of the peace, coroners, officers of excise, merchants, scriveners, masters of vessels, and others, may have their various blanks, &c. done in a *neat, correct*, and *conspicuous* manner, and on very *short notice*.---Library companies may have their catalogues, articles, labels, promissary notes, receipts, &c. done with great expedition.----Those who please to favour him with their advertisements, may depend upon having them done at the above notice.---Transient and other persons, who are not acquainted with drawing up advertisements in a proper manner, by applying to said EVITT, may have them done *gratis*.---Druggists and Apothecaries labels, *and other work*, done in a neat manner.----Those who please to favour him with their custom at this time, as well as hereafter, their favours shall be thankfully acknowledged, by their friend WILLIAM EVITT.

Attendance is given at said Office, from early in the morning, till ten o'clock at night.

*** Said EVITT has for sale, a small assortment of books, pamphlets, paper, &c. &c. likewise an assortment of *genuine* patent medicines, of the last importation, among which are, Turlington's balsam, Bateman's drops, British oil, Godfrey's cordial, Daffy's elixir, Hooper's pills, Anderson's pills, &c. &c. As the above medicines are all genuine---fresh---of the last importation, and laid in on the best terms, those who please to favour him with their custom, will find, upon trial, that they will be sold, either wholesale or retail, much cheaper than they can be purchased elsewhere. Orders from the country, or any of the neighbouring provinces, shall be punctually obeyed.

† *When the subscriber first purchased this Office, he kept it in Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets, near Combs's-Alley, opposite Mr. David Franks's.*

TO BE LETT,

A GOOD plantation in the Northern Liberties, on Wissahickon road, two miles distant from Philadelphia, containing 33 acres of land, with a bearing orchard of good grafted fruit; and a large kitchen garden, with a large quantity of asparagus beds, and a good kitchen, with a pump before the door, and convenient out-houses; the whole is in good order, and may be entered on immediately. For further particulars, enquire of HANNAH DUBRE, living on the premises, or JOSEPH MERRIOT, Tanner, in Philadelphia.

N. B. The said Hannah Dubre continues to sell all sorts of GARDEN SEEDS, as usual. ¶

TO be sold by public vendue, on the 5th day of March next, at the dwelling-house of John Towers, in the township of Kingsess, Philadelphia county, draught horses, riding horses, breeding mares, with foal, cows and calves, milch cows, and young cattle; a likely young bull, of the English breed, hogs, a cart, plow, and all implements of husbandry, too tedious to mention. The sale to begin at ten o' clock, where the usual credit will be given, by JOHN TOWERS.

N. B. The plantation he lives on is to be lett, situate in the township of Kingsess, on the road leading from Philadelphia to Darby; there are 65 acres of cleared land, 11 acres of meadow, a good bearing orchard, a good dwelling-house, two story high, with barn, stables, and out-houses, suitable for any business. It is well situated for a tradesman, or any public business, and is five miles and a half from Philadelphia. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Frederick county, Maryland, in August last, a country born NEGROE fellow, named JUPITER, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, stout and well made, slow of motion and speech, but a very handy fellow at all kinds of farming business, has a small scald or bare place on his head, and one of his little fingers stiff, his clothes uncertain; he has, since his elopement, been some time confined in New-Castle goal, and escaped with a pair of hand-cuffs on, from a person attempting to bring him home; he was born in New-Castle county, and it is thought he will try to conceal himself there, until an opportunity of going off by water may offer, of which all masters of vessels will please to take notice. Any person securing said Negroe, in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, from

January, 1770. WILLIAM BUCHANAN. †

RUN away from the subscriber, living near Morris-Town, in New-Jersey, on Christmas-day last, a servant man, named Thomas Clay, a Cooper by trade, near 50 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, brown curled hair, will drink to excess, and then is noisy, likes to sing songs; had on, when he went away, a blue great coat, and jacket of the same, leather breeches, and felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ DANIEL GERARD, junior.

CAME into the inclosure of the subscriber, in Cumberland township, York county, about the middle of November last, a sorrel HORSE, natural pacer, no brand to be seen, he is about 6 years old, 14 or 15 hands high. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, by SAMUEL GETTYS. §

PURSUANT to an Order of the Orphan's Court for Chester County, will be exposed to public Sale, on the Premises, on the first Day of March next (the Sale to begin at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon the same Day) two certain Tracts or Parcels of Land, situate in Darby Township, Chester County aforesaid; one of which Tracts is bounded westerly and northerly by the Lands of Samuel Bunting, William Horne, and Sarah Hibbard; easterly by Cobb's Creek, and southerly by the other described Tract, containing about 97 Acres, whereon is a Wooden Dwelling-house, a large Frame Barn, a good Orchard, with 8 or 10 Acres of Meadow made, and more may be made, and about 20 Acres of Woodland, a fine Stream of Water runs through this Tract, sufficient for a Fulling-mill, or such like Works. The other Tract is bounded northerly and easterly by the first described Tract, Cobb's Creek, and the Jews Land; southerly and westerly by the King's Road leading to Philadelphia, the Land of John Paschall, and Land belonging to the Heirs of William Donaldson, deceased, containing about 42 Acres, Part Woodland, some Meadow Ground, and some Orcharding thereon; also a Dwelling-house, Part built with Stone; said Land lies about seven Miles from the City of Philadelphia, and about one Mile from the Town of Darby; late the Estate of Everard Ellis, deceased. Any Persons inclining to purchase the same, may repair on the Day aforesaid, where attendance will be given, and the Conditions of the Sale made known by WILLIAM GARRETT, and JAMES M'CLEESE, Administrators. †

ALL those who have any Demands against the Estate of *Sheba Whitrence, late Shop-keeper in this City, are desired to bring in their Accounts to* JOSEPH SWIFT, *who has the Money in his Hands to make a Dividend, so soon as he knows the Amount of her Debts. If any Creditor should neglect to furnish his Account, a Dividend will be paid at the Expiration of three Weeks from the Date hereof, excluding those who do not furnish their Accounts by that Time.* Philadelphia, Feb. 5, 1770. ¶

THE CREDITORS of Joseph Miles, deceased, are hereby requested to meet at Michael Staddleman's, in Radnor, on Friday, the 23d of this Instant, and bring their Accounts with them, in order for Settlement. And all those indebted to said Estate are, for the last Time, desired to pay by the said Day, to save Charges. Attendance will be given by us the Subscribers, Executors named in the last Will and Testament of the said Joseph Miles. JOHN HUGHES, and

Merion, Feb. 1, 1770. ¶ JOHN ROBERTS.

TO be sold, by Way of public Vendue, on Saturday, the the 22th of this instant February, by the Subscriber, living on the Premises, A LOT of GROUND, containing 10 Acres, lying on the old York Road, 12 Miles from Philadelphia, and 3 Miles from John Shoemaker's Mill, with a two Story Stone House thereon erected, 36 by 30 Feet, a Brew-house, Malt-house, and Kiln, Malt-mill, Brewing-tubs and Cooler, all in good Order, a good Cellar for the Beer, a Copper Boiler, and a good Pump, that with a small Spout carries the Water into the Copper; a good Log Barn, and two good Stables, a good Waggon Shed, and a good Garden before the Door; the lot conveniently divided; it has been a noted Tavern these several Years, known by the Name of the Barley Sheaf. The Vendue to begin at Ten o' Clock.

¶ EDWARD DOYLE.

Philadelphia, February 5, 1770.

WAS left at the Subscriber's Stables, at the Sign of the *Buffaloe, in Race-street, on the Fifth of January last, a light Chestnut coloured Horse, about 15 Hands high, by a Man, who said he was in Pursuit of some Runaway Servants, but has not applied for the Horse since, nor can be heard of in Town. If said Horse is stolen, the Owner is desired to prove his Property, pay the Charges, and take him away.* GEORGE ZELLER.

N. B. If no Person comes for the Horse in six Weeks, it will be sold. ¶

ABSCONDED from the Township of Upper Dublin, in the County of Philadelphia, on the 23d of January last, a certain Michael Simson, a Schoolmaster, a likely young Fellow, about 25 Years of Age, wears his Hair tied behind, of a fairish Complexion, smooth Face, little Beard, a bashful Countenance, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, wears brown Clothes every Day, but may change his Dress, having other Clothes with him, and may appear in green knit Breeches, and a lappelled Jacket of the same; he has sundry Recommendations with him from the Inhabitants where he has kept School, they the Inhabitants of Upper Dublin not knowing, at the Time of his Departure, the Fact for which the said Simson absconded; and that Justice may take place, I do hereby promise the Reward of SIX POUNDS, to any Person or Persons who shall apprehend said Simson, and deliver him to the Subscriber, in Upper Dublin Township, and reasonable Charges.

¶ ROBERT M'DOWELL.

TO BE SOLD,

A HEARTY Dutch Servant Man's Time, who has about two Years and ten Months to serve; has been used to the Baking Business, and is fit for Town or Country Business. Enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

To be SOLD or RENTED, by the subscriber,

A PLANTATION, of about 82 acres of land, with a good log dwelling-house, almost new, and very good conveniency for watering of 7 acres of meadow, all can be done with a trifle of expence; there is an exceeding fine spring, but a small distance from the dwelling-house, and a small orchard; about 20 acres of cleared land, and the rest woodland; situate in East-Bradford township, in Chester county, bounded by land of Joseph Hawley, and may be entered on immediately. For terms, enquire of Mr. Leonard Shallcross, living in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, or JONATHAN BAVINGTON, junior, opposite the 7 mile stone, on Bristol road, in the township aforesaid.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On Saturday, the third of March next, on the premises,

ABOUT 80 years of a lease, for 128 acres of land, subject to 12s. 6d. sterling per ann. rent, situate in Baltimore county, Maryland, in the fork of a great road, about 10 miles from Bush-River Landing; an accustomed public house, now in the tenure of Mr. Thomas Howell, and is deemed very good land, with good improvements, such as houses, orchards, meadows, &c. Attendance will be given, at 12 o'clock said day, by MARK ALEXANDER.

And 120 acres patent land, in the county aforesaid, about 3 miles from Susquehanna-River, and 4 miles from Swan-Creek Landing, all woodland. For terms, apply to Mr. John Lathim, near said land, or to Mark Alexander, in Baltimore-Town. ¶

STOLEN, about the 24th of December, 1769, from the subscriber, living near the Sugarland Run, Loudoun county, Virginia, a dark roan HORSE, with a large blaze down his forehead, his hind legs and feet white, about 13 hands high, and about 7 years old, natural trotter, was seen in the custody of one Hugh Moore, crossing Patowmack, at Noaland's Ferry, who has absconded to defraud his creditors; he is a well set fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high, and professes teaching children to read English; he had on, an old blue surtout coat, a grey cloth jacket, double breasted, and leather breeches; wears his own dark coloured hair; he can let blood, and draw teeth, and it is supposed he intends for New-York. Whoever secures the said thief, and confines him in any goal, shall have Six Dollars reward, or Twenty Shillings for the horse, without the thief, by applying to JOHN HANNA. ‡

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 12th of February, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Ludwick Kuhn, in Kensington, a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in Kensington, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth about 22 feet, and in length or depth 320 feet, or thereabouts; bounded by lands late of John Reily, and Leonard Harman, and a certain street; late the estate of John Darborow deceased, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 12th of February, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Ludwick Kuhn, in Kensington, a certain 2 story frame tenement, and lot of ground, situate on Shackamaxon-street, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 60 feet, and in depth 252 feet, or thereabouts; bounded by ground of Thomas Say, and Richard Blackham, and the said street, subject to a ground-rent of Three Pounds Pennsylvania currency per annum, late the estate of Isaac Gleave, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 14th of February, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, a certain messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the south-side of Union-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on said street 15 feet 7 inches, or thereabouts, and extending in depth from said Union-street to Pine-street, and containing in breadth on said Pine-street about 18 feet 2 inches, bounded northward with said Union-street, westward with ground of Norton Prior, southward with Pine-street aforesaid, and eastward with ground of John Drinker, subject to a groundrent of 10l. 2s. and 6 pence, Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of John Heaton, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 14th of February, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage or tenement, and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Mulberry-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 19 feet 4 inches, and in depth 107 feet; bounded eastward by a lot of the Widow Warner, southward by a lot of Jacob Cooper, westward by ground late of William and John Raul, and northward by Mulberry-street aforesaid, subject to a groundrent of 5l. 5s. Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of Charles Williams, deceased, seized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of levari facias, to me directed, on the tenth day of February inst. at one o' clock, at Robert Moulder's Tavern, in Lower Chichester, alias Marcus-Hook, in Chester county, will be sold by vendue, a certain lot or parcel of land, situate in the town of Lower Chichester aforesaid; bounded on the river Delaware, in breadth on the said river 40 feet, and extending back 330 feet, with the privilege of an eight feet alley. There is a convenient malt-house thereon erected, 95 feet long, and 23 feet wide, and a convenient wharff, &c. Also a certain lot of ground, containing 3 acres, and 60 perches, bounded by lands of John Dutton junior, and Concord road; and another lot of ground, containing 2 acres, more or less, bounded by lands of Robert Moulder, and Zachariah Derrick, &c. And on the twelfth day of February, at two o' clock, at Joseph Martin's Tavern, in West Bradford township, will be sold, a certain tract or parcel of land, containing 34 acres and three quarters, situate in the said township, bounded by lands of Joseph Martin, William Clayton, Thomas Arnold, and Bradford road; all late the estate of Joseph Buffington, seized in execution, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, *Sheriff.*

For B E L F A S T,

The Ship PHILADELPHIA,

JAMES MALCOM, MASTER,

A Remarkable fast sailing ship, and has good accommodations for passengers; part of her cargoe ready to go on board, and will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage apply to M'NEILE and TOLBERT, or said Master, at Mr. *Bickley's* wharff. *Philadelphia, Dec. 20, 1769.*

N. B. The said *M'Neile* and *Tolbert* have for sale, some casks of CORK BUTTER.

To be sold by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, next WEDNESDAY, being the 14th instant, at five o'clock in the evening, several valuable Houses, and Lots of Ground, being part of the estate of JOHN BAILY, gold-smith, viz.

ONE certain lot of ground (with a neat 3 story brick house erected thereon, being the north-west corner of Front and Chestnut-streets) containing in breadth, on Front-street, 20 feet, and in length or depth, on Chestnut-street, 24 feet, having an extensive and convenient vault in Chestnut-street, now in the tenure of the said Baily, and subject to a ground rent of £ 6 15 2 currency per annum.

One other lot of ground (with a good two story brick house erected thereon) situate on the north side of Chestnut-street, containing in breadth, on said street, 25 feet, and in length or depth 20 feet, having also an extensive and convenient vault, the same being a noted and well accustomed beer house for upwards of 20 years, now in the tenure of William Moore, and adjoining the first mentioned messuage.

A certain ground-rent of 6 pounds currency per annum, issuing out of a house and lot, now in the tenure of Charles Meredith, and adjoining the first mentioned messuage.

One other lot of ground (with a two story frame house erected thereon, 17 feet by 17, with a brick gable end to the southward; a kitchen and bake-house 30 feet by 11, 2 stories, and a loft over them; part brick, and part wood, and new shingled last summer, having a good large oven) situate on the west side of Front-street, between Pine and Almond-streets, containing in breadth 17 feet, and in length or depth 126 feet, and now in the tenure of Philip Flake.

Also a certain lot or piece of ground, containing in breadth on Schuylkill, Front and Second-streets, 102 feet, and in length or depth 396 feet, under a good post and rail fence.

Good and sufficient titles will be given for the above estate, by JOHN RHEA, CHARLES MEREDITH, GEORGE MEADE WILLIAM CRAIG, JOHN WILCOCKS, SAMUEL C. MORRIS, Assignees.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SMITH, deceased, are requested to pay; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts against the 10th day of February next, by JOHN and ABRAHAM SMITH, executors. ¶

ALL Persons indebted to Caleb Jones, are desired to pay the same to the Subscribers, at or before the 12th of February next, otherwise their Accompts will be put into Attornies Hands; and all those to whom the said Caleb Jones is indebted, are requested to bring in their Accompts to the Subscribers, the 12th of February next, in order to receive a Dividend of Monies then in the Hands of the Assignees. JEREMIAH WARDER, WILLIAM WEST, WILLIAM POLLARD, Assignees. January 9, 1770. ‖ 5 W.

ON Third-day, the 20th of February, will be exposed to sale, by way of public vendue, a plantation, containing 450 acres, about 100 acres whereof is cleared land and meadow, with a dwelling-house, a good new barn, and a young bearing orchard, situate, lying and being, on the south branch of Raccoon-Creek, near Jacob Spicer's, in Woolwich township, Gloucester county; where attendance will be given by JOSHUA LIPPINCOTT, and JOHN TEST. ¶

THE partnership of MIFFLIN and DEAN, will expire in March next: Those persons therefore, who are indebted to them for goods, purchased above nine months, are desired to pay immediately, to prevent trouble.

They have now a considerable quantity of GOODS, which they will sell very low for cash only. 2 M

October 27, 1769.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Margaret Rees, late of the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, by bond, or otherwise, are desired to discharge the same, within ten months from the date hereof, at farthest; and all those who have any demands on said estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid.

¶ 6 W. RACHEL SALTAR, } Executrices.
REBECCAH HART, }

TO BE LETT,

A HOUSE at the Corner of Front and Arch-streets, on the Bank. Enquire of MARGARET CLYMER, in Cherry-Alley, or GEORGE CLYMER, near the New-Market. †

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On Thursday, the 15th of February inst. on the premises,

A CERTAIN plantation or tract of land, late the estate of William Gilbert, deceased, situate in Warminster township, in the county of Bucks, about 19 miles from Philadelphia, and 3 from the Crooked Billet; it is bounded by lands of Charles Beaty, Charles Enyard, John Radcliff, and others, and contains about 120 acres. There are on the premises, a stone dwelling-house, a good stone spring-house, a frame barn, and an orchard. Near one half of the said plantation is well timbered woodland----of the cleared, about 10 acres is good meadow, more of which may be made, a stream of water running through the whole. For further particulars, enquire of William Robinson, on the premises. The terms will be made known, on the day of sale, by ISAAC HOUGH, JOHN HART, SILAS GILBERT, Attornies of Seth Gilbert. ¶

RUN away, from the Subscriber, an Irish Servant Man, named William Macan; he may be very easily known, being blind of one Eye, and very much scarred with the Small-pox, is of a middle Size, well set, wears his Hair, has a light coloured Cloth Coat, old red Jacket, with a Cape, which he wears above the Coat, and half worn Shoes and Stockings; he is very much given to strong Drink, and has an old Pass under my Hand, which no Doubt he will endeavour to make use of. Whoever apprehends and secures him, so that his Master may have him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

JOHN BULL.

Baltimore-Town, January 19, 1770.

WAS LOST, yesterday, near Mr. Buck's tavern, on the road leading from Joppa to Baltimore-Town, a Silver WATCH, with a steel chain; any person who may have found the same, and will do themselves and the loser the justice to carry, or send it to the Sign of the One Ton and Bacchus, in Baltimore-Town, shall receive a very generous reward, and it will be acknowledged as a favour by

¶ 5 W. JOHN LITTLE.

BENJAMIN RANDOLPH,

TAKES this method to inform his customers, and the public in general, That he has for sale, at his ware-room of carving and cabinet work, &c. at the Sign of the Golden Eagle, in Chestnut-street, a quantity of wooden BUTTONS of various sorts, and intends, if encouraged, to keep a general assortment of them-----He thinks it needless, at this time, to say any thing in their praise, or by way of recommendation of them, as he doubts not but every lover of his country will encourage the same, as well as all other American manufactures, especially at this time, when the importation of British superfluities is deemed inconsistent with the true interest of America. The people of New-Jersey (in general) wear no other kind of buttons, and say they are the best and cheapest can be bought, both for strength and beauty, and he doubts not but that they will soon recommend themselves to the public, in general.

N. B. Any shopkeepers may be supplied, by applying in time, and I should be glad if the people in the country would furnish me with different kinds of stuff, as it falls in their way, such as the best apple-tree, holly, laurel, &c. that is hard and clear grained, good pear-tree, &c. &c. &c. ‡

To be SOLD on groundrent, with the privilege of purchasing off at any time,

THAT commodious lot of ground, situate on the south side of Chestnut-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, containing in breadth on Chestnut-street, 26 feet, and in depth 140 feet, bounded on the north by Chestnut-street, on the east by ground late of John Breintnall, on the south by ground belonging to the Carpenters Company, and on the west by a 14 feet alley, to be open from Chestnut-street, the whole depth of said lot. The purchaser to have the privilege of said alley. It is a fine dry open situation, and likely always to continue so.

N. B. There is also to be lett, a convenient house and kitchen, on Chestnut-street, adjoining the aforesaid 14 feet alley. Enquire of GUNNING BEDFORD, or JAMES BRINGHURST. ¶

Imported from England, and to be sold by

A L E X A N D E R H U S T O N,

At his store in Second-street, opposite the Baptist Meeting-house, sundry merchandize; amongst which are as follow, viz.

ENGLISH and India silks, such as damasks, paduasoys, sattins, taffeties, mantuas, persians, bandanoes, ribbons, sewing silks, &c. Best hyson, green and bohea teas; variety of furniture callicoes and chintzes, white and brown Irish and Russia sheetings, ozenbrigs, dowlas, Russia and Irish diaper and huckabacks, brown pomeranias, blue linens, callicoes, callimancoes, durants, tammies, serges, shaloons, buckrams, Russia duck and drillings, bed ticks, checks; long and clear lawns, cambricks, Irish linens, muslins, humhums, white ginghams, boxes of tin plates, &c.

To be lett by said ALEXANDER HUSTON, for a term of years, or otherwise, the house, wharff and stores, in Water-stree, adjoining Mr. Andrew Hodge's, where the late William Vanderspiegle lived. † 1 M.

For CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina,

The B R I G

PRINCE of W A L E S,

T H O M A S M A S O N,

COMMANDER;

Has excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail as soon as possible. For Freight, or Passage, apply to Captain GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or said Commander, at Thomas Riche's Wharff.

A Parcel of clean new RICE, to be sold by said Lunan.

For WILMINGTON, in NORTH-CAROLINA,

The Schooner N A N C Y,

A B R A H A M G U R L I N G,

MASTER;

Now lying at Alberson's wharff, has part of her cargoe ready to put on board, and will sail as soon as possible. For freight or passage apply to Mr. John Murgatroyd; to Andrew Miller, in Queen-street, Southwark; or to the Master on board. The said vessel will be removed to Plumstead's wharff, as soon as the river is clear enough of ice. §

THOMAS HOWELL, TAYLOR,

Having removed from Third-street, into the house lately occupied by the widow Cannon, on the north-side of Walnut-street, between Front and Second-streets,

PROPOSES to carry on the TAYLOR's trade in all its branches. Those who shall be pleased to favour him with their commands, may depend on having their work done *neat*, and with *punctuality* and *dispatch*. And as he intends to pay the utmost attention to the orders of his employers, hopes to give intire satisfaction, in his performances. ‡

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